

APPENDIX

5

S-PLUS CODE FOR POSITIONALLY CORRECTING ALGORITHM
version 1

10

```
"score.hts"<-  
15 function(obj.hts, format = if(!is.null(fmt <- attr(obj.hts, "format"))) fmt  
    else list(dim = c(8, 12), Rows = LETTERS[1:8], Columns = 2:11))  
    {  
    # obj.hts is an object of class "hts". This is a data.frame in which each  
    row  
20 # represents one well of results and must contain the following NAMED  
    columns:  
    # REQUIRED  
    # $Plate: Plate id (alphanumeric factor) IN THE ORDER THE PLATES WERE  
    RUN  
25 # $Row: Row id of the well (alphanumeric)  
    # $Col: Column id of the well (alphanumeric)  
    # $Type: Type of well contents:  
    # "D" for a sample compound or mixture  
    # "H" for high control (high raw measurements)  
30 # "L" for low control (low raw measurements)  
    # ... other alphanumeric codes for other possible controls  
    # $Value: RAW measured value (NOT %inhibition or excitation)  
    #  
    # OPTIONAL  
35 # $Run: Runset code  
    # $Date: The Date on which the sample was run  
    # $Samp.ID: The sample ID code (e.g., L-number)  
    #  
    # NOTE: The data (plates) must be given in the order they were run  
40 #  
    # More function arguments  
    # format: list with 3 components:  
    # $dim = c(number of rows,number of columns)in plate  
    # $Rows = the row id's of test samples
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# $Columns = the column id's of test samples
# The defaults given are for 96 well plates (where controls are in
# columns 1 and 12)
#
5 # Make sure Value column is numeric. If not, stop with error message.
  if(!is.numeric(obj.hts$Value)) stop("Value column must be numeric.")
  nrow <- length(format$Rows)
  ncol <- length(format$Columns)
  nplate <- nrow * ncol
10 nm.obj <- names(obj.hts)
  # Make sure ordering of factors in data frame is maintained
  obj.hts$Plate <- ordered(obj.hts$Plate, levels =
unique(obj.hts$Plate))
  p.count <- table(obj.hts$Plate)
15 bad.plt <- p.count > prod(format$dim)
  if(any(bad.plt)) {
    cat("\n\t\t ***** Bad Plate Indexing *****\n\n")
    The following plate\n numbers appear more than once in the data:\n"
    )
20     bads <- p.count[bad.plt]
    cat("\tPLATE NUMB\t\tTotal Wells in Data with This Plate
Numb\n"
    )
    bads <- paste(" ", names(bads), round(bads, 0), sep =
25 "\t")
    cat(bads, "\n", sep = "\n")
    stop()
  }
  platelist <- as.vector(unique(obj.hts$Plate))
30 n.orig <- length(platelist)
  # Remove plates that are all controls, i.e. no sample wells("D") on
  them
  good.plates <- as.vector(unique(obj.hts$Plate[obj.hts$Type == "D"]))
  lnth <- length(good.plates)
35 if(lnth == n.orig)
    good.indx <- 1:n.orig
  else good.indx <- match(good.plates, platelist)
  plt.ind <- match(good.plates, obj.hts$Plate)
  #indices of good plates in plate column
40 if(lnth < length(p.count)) {
    obj.hts <- obj.hts[!is.na(match(obj.hts$Plate,
good.plates)),
    ]
    codes.new <- unique(codes(obj.hts$Plate))
45 obj.hts$Plate <- structure(match(codes(obj.hts$Plate),

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        codes.new), levels =
levels(obj.hts$Plate)[codes.new],
        class = c("ordered", "factor"))
    }
5    pick.c <- c("Plate", "Row", "Col", "Value", "Samp.ID")
    if(is.na(match("Samp.ID", nm.obj)))
        samp.s <- obj.hts[obj.hts$Type == "D", pick.c[-5]]
    else samp.s <- obj.hts[obj.hts$Type == "D", pick.c]
    row <- match(samp.s$Row, format$Rows)
10   col <- match(samp.s$Col, format$Columns)
    if(any(is.na(row)))
        stop("Row codes for sample wells does not match format
specification."
    )
15   if(any(is.na(col)))
        stop("Column codes for sample wells does not match format
specification."
    )
    pl <- match(samp.s$Plate, good.plates)
20   # Fit an additive row/column fit for the samples on each plate
    y <- array(NA, c(nrow, ncol, lnth))
    samp.indx <- (pl - 1) * nplate + (col - 1) * nrow + row
    y[samp.indx] <- samp.s$Value
    fit.byplate <- apply(y, 3, function(x)
25   twoway(x)[-4])
    # Make sure row and column effects haven't been corrupted by a row # or
column with a majority of actives by smoothing
    unl <- unlist(fit.byplate, rec = F, use.n = F)
    rowfits <- unlist(unl[seq(2, by = 3, length = lnth)])
30   colfits <- unlist(unl[seq(3, by = 3, length = lnth)])
    grand <- unlist(unl[seq(1, by = 3, length = lnth)])
    na.smooth <- function(x, twice = T)
    {
    # If length>=10, smooth
35   if(sum(!is.na(x)) > 9) x[!is.na(x)] <- as.vector(smooth(x[!
is.na(x)], tw = twice))
        x
    }
    rowfits <- matrix(rowfits, ncol = nrow, byrow = T)
40   colfits <- matrix(colfits, ncol = ncol, byrow = T)
    rowfits <- apply(rowfits, 2, na.smooth) # Smooth the row fits
    colfits <- apply(colfits, 2, na.smooth) # Smooth the column fits
    # Create array of fits; layers = plates
    fit.a <- array(apply(cbind(rowfits, colfits), 1, function(x, nr, n)
45   {

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        outer(x[1:nr], x[(nr + 1):n], "+")
    }
    , nrow, nrow + ncol), dim = c(nrow, ncol, lnth)) + rep(grand, e =
        nplate)
5   resid.a <- y - fit.a #Residuals from smoothed row/column fits
    ##### Now smooth the residuals in each position over the Plate sequence
    if(lnth > 10) {
        resid.sm <- aperm(apply(resid.a, 1:2, na.smooth, twice = F),
10      c(
                2, 3, 1))
        class(resid.sm) <- NULL
        fit.a <- fit.a + resid.sm # final overall fits
        resid.a <- resid.a - resid.sm # final residuals
    }
15   names(resid.a) <- NULL
    ##### Obtain the spread of the finals residuals on each plate as the mads
    mads <- apply(resid.a, 3, function(x, np)
    {
        mad(x, na = T) * sqrt(np/sum(!is.na(x))) #df correction for missing
20   values
    }
    , nplate)
    # convert 0 mads to NA's to indicate that reasonable scores can't be
    computed
25   mads[mads == 0] <- NA
    # Compute means of low and high controls and activities
    act <- tapply(1:(dim(obj.hts)[1]), obj.hts$Plate, function(x, z, type)
    {
        z <- z[x]
30     type <- type[x]
        lo <- mean(z[type == "L"], na.rm = T)
        hi <- mean(z[type == "H"], na.rm = T)
        diff <- hi - lo
        if(diff > 0)
35         act <- (100 * (z - lo))/diff
        else act <- rep(NA, length(z))
        list(lo, hi, act)
    }
    , obj.hts$Value, obj.hts$Type)
40   unl <- unlist(act, rec = F, use.n = F)
    lows <- unlist(unl[seq(1, by = 3, length = n.orig)])[good.indx]
    highs <- unlist(unl[seq(2, by = 3, length = n.orig)])[good.indx]
    act <- unlist(unl[seq(3, by = 3, length = n.orig)])
    # Determine whether high or low controls are potent
45   if(any(!is.na(lows)) && any(!is.na(highs))) {

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        mlo <- median(lows, na.rm = T)
        mhi <- median(highs, na.rm = T)
        mgr <- median(grand, na.rm = T)
        if(abs(mlo - mgr) > abs(mhi - mgr))
5           potent <- "low"
        else potent <- "h"
    }
    else potent <- NA
    scores <- (resid.a/rep(mads, e = nplate)) # B-scores for all sample wells
10    bsc <- rep(NA, e = dim(obj.hts)[1])
    bsc[obj.hts$Type == "D"] <- scores[samp.indx]
    # Housekeeping to track runs, number of plates per run, etc.
    if(is.na(match("Run", nm.obj)) |
15    length(unique(obj.hts$Run[plt.ind])) ==
        1) {
        Run <- Inth
        names(Run) <- "All"
        runset <- rep(1, Inth)
    }
20    else {
        runset <- obj.hts$Run[plt.ind]
        Run <- table(runset)
    }
    if(!is.na(match("Date", nm.obj)))
25        date <- as.character(obj.hts$Date[plt.ind])
    else date <- rep(NA, Inth)
    if(is.na(match("Samp.ID", nm.obj)))
        Samp.ID <- NA
    else {
30        Samp.ID <- array(NA, c(nrow, ncol, Inth))
        Samp.ID[samp.indx] <- samps$Samp.ID
    }
    the.call <- sys.call()
    out <- structure(list(Call = the.call, Format = format, N.orig = n.orig,
35        Potent = potent, Run = Run, Plate.stats = data.frame(Plate =
        good.plates, Date = date, Runset = runset, Center = grand,
        Scale = mads, Low.cntl = lows, Hi.cntl = highs, row.names = rep(
        NA, Inth), dup.row.names = T), Effects = list(Roweff = rowfits,
        Coleff = colfits), Results = list(Fitted = fit.a, Resid =
40        resid.a, Samp.ID = Samp.ID), Activity = act, Bscore = bsc,
        class = "htsfit")
        if(all(is.na(out$Plate.stats$Low.cntl)) ||
        all(is.na(out$Plate.stats$
45        Hi.cntl)))
            class(out) <- c("bscr.only", class(out))

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invisible(out)

}

[illegible]

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5      S-PLUS CODE FOR POSITIONALLY CORRECTING ALGORITHM
      version 2

10     "score.hts"<-
function(obj.hts, format = if(!is.null(fmt <- attr(obj.hts, "format"))) fmt
      else list(dim = c(8, 12), Rows = LETTERS[1:8], Columns = 2:11),
plate,
15     plate.span = if(prod(format$dim) == 96) list(effects = 15, resid =
      11,
      mads = 15) else list(effects = 11, resid = 11, mads = 11))
{
# obj.hts is an object of class "hts". This is a data.frame in which each
20 row
# represents one well of results and must contain the following NAMED
columns:
# REQUIRED
# $Plate: Plate id (alphanumeric factor) IN THE ORDER THE PLATES WERE
25 RUN
# $Row: Row id of the well (alphanumeric)
# $Col: Column id of the well (alphanumeric)
# $Type: Type of well contents:
# "D" for a sample compound or mixture
30 # "H" for high control (high raw measurements)
# "L" for low control (low raw measurements)
# ... other alphanumeric codes for other possible controls
# $Value: RAW measured value (NOT %inhibition or excitation)
#
35 # OPTIONAL
# $Run: Runset code
# $Date: The Date on which the sample was run
# $Samp.ID: The sample ID code (e.g., L-number)
#
40 # NOTE: The data (plates) must be given in the order they were run
#
# More function arguments
# format: list with 3 components:
# $dim = c(number of rows,number of columns)in plate
45 # $Rows = the row id's of test samples

```

```

# $Columns = the column id's of test samples
# The defaults given are for 96 well plates (where controls are in
# columns 1 and 12)
#
5 # Make sure Value column is numeric. If not, stop with error message.
  if(!is.numeric(obj.hts$Value)) stop("Value column must be numeric.")
  nrow <- length(format$Rows)
  ncol <- length(format$Columns)
  nplate <- nrow * ncol
10 nm.obj <- names(obj.hts)
  # Make sure ordering of factors in data frame is maintained
  obj.hts$Plate <- ordered(as.character(obj.hts$Plate), levels =
unique(
  obj.hts$Plate))
15 p.count <- table(obj.hts$Plate)
  bad.plt <- p.count > prod(format$dim)
  if(any(bad.plt)) {
    bads <- p.count[bad.plt]
    bads <- paste(" ", names(bads), " ", round(bads, 0),
20 sep
      = "\t", collapse = "\n")
    stop(paste("\n\t\t ***** Bad Plate Indexing
*****\n \n The following plate numbers appear more than once in the
data:\n\n \tPLATE NUMBER\tTotal Wells in Data with This Plate Number\n",
25 bads, sep = ""))
  }
  platelist <- as.vector(unique(obj.hts$Plate))
  n.orig <- length(platelist)
  # Remove plates that are all controls, i.e. no sample wells("D") on
30 them
  good.plates <- as.vector(unique(obj.hts$Plate[obj.hts$Type == "D"]))
  lnth <- length(good.plates)
  if(lnth == n.orig)
    good.indx <- 1:n.orig
35 else good.indx <- match(good.plates, platelist)
  indexofsamps <- obj.hts$Type == "D"
  if(lnth < length(p.count)) {
    obj.hts <- obj.hts[!is.na(match(obj.hts$Plate,
40 good.plates)),
      ]
    codes.new <- unique(codes(obj.hts$Plate))
    obj.hts$Plate <- structure(match(codes(obj.hts$Plate),
      codes.new), levels =
      levels(obj.hts$Plate)[codes.new],
45 class = c("ordered", "factor"))

```



```

    }
    plt.ind <- match(good.plates, obj.hts$Plate)
    #indices of good plates in plate column
    pick.c <- c("Plate", "Row", "Col", "Value", "Samp.ID")
5    if(is.na(match("Samp.ID", nm.obj)))
        samps <- obj.hts[obj.hts$Type == "D", pick.c[-5]]
    else samps <- obj.hts[obj.hts$Type == "D", pick.c]
    row <- match(samps$Row, format$Rows)
    col <- match(samps$Col, format$Columns)
10    if(any(is.na(row)))
        stop("Row codes for sample wells does not match format
specification."
    )
    if(any(is.na(col)))
15    stop("Column codes for sample wells does not match format
specification."
    )
    pl <- match(samps$Plate, good.plates)
    # Fit an additive row/column fit for the samples on each plate
20    y <- array(NA, c(nrow, ncol, lnth))
    samp.indx <- (pl - 1) * nplate + (col - 1) * nrow + row
    y[samp.indx] <- samps$Value
    fit.byplate <- apply(y, 3, function(x)
25    twoway(x, trim = 0.15)[-4])
    # Make sure row and column effects haven't been corrupted by a row
# or column with a majority of actives by smoothing
    unl <- unlist(fit.byplate, rec = F, use.n = F)
    rowfits <- unlist(unl[seq(2, by = 3, length = lnth)])
    colfits <- unlist(unl[seq(3, by = 3, length = lnth)])
30    grand <- unlist(unl[seq(1, by = 3, length = lnth)])
    na.smooth <- function(x, span, delta = 2, method = "lowess")
    {
    # The method= argument gives added resistance
    # If length>span, smooth nonmissings
35        ok <- !is.na(x)
        nok <- sum(ok)
        n <- length(x)
        if(nok > span) {
            if(method == "tukey")
40            x[ok] <- as.vector(smooth(x[ok], twice = F))
            span <- min(nok/2, span)
            delta <- min(delta, 0.01 * nok)
            x[ok] <- lowess((1:n)[ok], x[ok], f = span/nok,
45            delta
            = delta)$y

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    }
    x
  }
  rowfits <- matrix(rowfits, ncol = nrow, byrow = T)
5  colfits <- matrix(colfits, ncol = ncol, byrow = T)
  # Smooth the row fits
  spn <- plate.span$effects
  rowfits <- apply(rowfits, 2, na.smooth, span = spn)
  # Smooth the column fits
10  colfits <- apply(colfits, 2, na.smooth, span = spn)
  # Create array of fits; layers = plates
  fit.a <- array(apply(cbind(rowfits, colfits), 1, function(x, nr, n)
    {
      outer(x[1:nr], x[(nr + 1):n], "+")
15    }
    , nrow, nrow + ncol), dim = c(nrow, ncol, lnth)) + rep(grand, e =
      nplate)
  resid.a <- y - fit.a #Residuals from smoothed row/column fits
#### Now smooth the residuals in each position over the Plate sequence
20  if(lnth > 10) {
    resid.sm <- aperm(apply(resid.a, 1:2, na.smooth, span =
      plate.span$resids, method = "tukey"), c(2, 3, 1))
    class(resid.sm) <- NULL
    fit.a <- fit.a + resid.sm # final overall fits
25    resid.a <- resid.a - resid.sm # final residuals
  }
  names(resid.a) <- NULL
  ##### Obtain the spread of the finals residuals on each plate
  as the mads
30  mads <- apply(resid.a, 3, mad, na.rm = T)
  # convert 0 mads to NA's to indicate that reasonable scores can't be
  computed
  mads[mads == 0] <- NA
  mads <- exp(na.smooth(log(mads), span = plate.span$mads))
35  # Compute means of low and high controls and activities
  act <- tapply(1:(dim(obj.hts)[1]), obj.hts$Plate, function(x, z,
  type)
    {
      z <- z[x]
40      type <- type[x]
      lo <- mean(z[type == "L"], na.rm = T)
      hi <- mean(z[type == "H"], na.rm = T)
      diff <- hi - lo
      z <- z[type == "D"]
45      if(diff > 0)

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        act <- (100 * (z - lo))/diff
        else act <- rep(NA, length(z))
        list(lo, hi, act)
    }
5    , obj.hts$Value, obj.hts$Type)
    unl <- unlist(act, rec = F, use.n = F)
    lows <- unlist(unl[seq(1, by = 3, length = Inth)])
    highs <- unlist(unl[seq(2, by = 3, length = Inth)])
    act <- unlist(unl[seq(3, by = 3, length = Inth)])
10   # Determine whether high or low controls are potent
    if(any(!is.na(lows)) && any(!is.na(highs))) {
        mlo <- median(lows, na.rm = T)
        mhi <- median(highs, na.rm = T)
        mgr <- median(grand, na.rm = T)
15         if(abs(mlo - mgr) > abs(mhi - mgr))
            potent <- "low"
        else potent <- "h"
    }
    else potent <- NA
20   scores <- (resid.a/rep(mads, e = nplate))
    # B-scores for all sample wells
    bsc <- rep(NA, e = sum(p.count))
    Act <- bsc
    bsc[indexofsamps] <- scores[samp.indx]
25   Act[indexofsamps] <- act
    # Housekeeping to track runs, number of plates per run, etc.
    if(is.na(match("Run", nm.obj)) |
length(unique(obj.hts$Run[plt.ind])) ==
        1) {
30         Run <- Inth
        names(Run) <- "All"
        runset <- rep(1, Inth)
    }
    else {
35         runset <- as.character(obj.hts$Run[plt.ind])
        ## use unique() to assure correct ordering in table()
        Run <- table(runset)[unique(runset)]
    }
    if(!is.na(match("Date", nm.obj)))
40         date <- as.character(obj.hts$Date[plt.ind])
    else date <- rep(NA, Inth)
    if(is.na(match("Samp.ID", nm.obj)))
        Samp.ID <- NA
    else {
45         Samp.ID <- array(NA, c(nrow, ncol, Inth))

```

```
        Samp.ID[samp.indx] <- as.character(samps$Samp.ID)
    }
    the.call <- sys.call()
    out <- structure(list(Call = the.call, Format = format, N.orig =
5    n.orig,
        Potent = potent, Run = Run, Plate.stats = data.frame(Plate =
        good.plates, Date = date, Runset = runset, Center = grand,
        Scale = mads, Low.cntl = lows, Hi.cntl = highs, row.names =
10    rep(
        NA, Inth), dup.row.names = T), Effects = list(Roweff =
        rowfits,
        Coleff = colfits), Results = list(Fitted = fit.a, Resid =
        resid.a, Samp.ID = Samp.ID), Activity = Act, Bscore = bsc),
15    class = "htsfit")
    if(all(is.na(out$Plate.stats$Low.cntl)) ||
    all(is.na(out$Plate.stats$
        Hi.cntl)))
        class(out) <- c("bscr.only", class(out))
20    invisible(out)
    }

25
```